

## Substitute Bill No. 5707

February Session, 2002

General Assembly

## AN ACT CONCERNING INDOOR ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY IN SCHOOLS.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- 1 Section 1. (NEW) (Effective July 1, 2002) As used in this section,
- 2 sections 10-220, 10-282, 10-283 and 10-291 of the general statutes, as
- 3 amended by this act:
- 4 (1) "School" means a public school, as defined in section 10-183b of the general statutes.
- 6 (2) "Indoor environmental quality" means the quality of facets of the
- 7 environment that affect the health of the occupants of school facilities
- 8 including, but not limited to, air quality, the presence of radon and
- 9 water quality.
- 10 (3) "HVAC system" means heating, ventilation and air conditioning
- 11 system.
- 12 (4) "Bioaerosols" mean microbiological airborne particles including,
- 13 but not limited to, fungi, mold and bacteria.
- Sec. 2. Section 10-220 of the general statutes, as amended by section
- 15 19 of public act 01-173, is repealed and the following is substituted in
- 16 lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2002*):
- 17 (a) Each local or regional board of education shall maintain good

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recruitment for purposes of subdivision (3) of section 10-4a; shall employ and dismiss the teachers of the schools of such district subject to the provisions of sections 10-151 and 10-158a; shall designate the schools which shall be attended by the various children within the school district; shall make such provisions as will enable each child of school age, residing in the district to attend some public day school for the period required by law and provide for the transportation of children wherever transportation is reasonable and desirable, and for such purpose may make contracts covering periods of not more than five years; may place in an alternative school program or other suitable educational program a pupil enrolling in school who is nineteen years of age or older and cannot acquire a sufficient number of credits for graduation by age twenty-one; may arrange with the board of education of an adjacent town for the instruction therein of such children as can attend school in such adjacent town more conveniently; shall cause each child five years of age and over and under eighteen years of age who is not a high school graduate and is living in the school district to attend school in accordance with the provisions of section 10-184, and shall perform all acts required of it by the town or necessary to carry into effect the powers and duties imposed by law.

- (b) The board of education of each local or regional school district shall, with the participation of parents, students, school administrators, teachers, citizens, local elected officials and any other individuals or groups such board shall deem appropriate, prepare a statement of educational goals for such local or regional school district. The statement of goals shall be consistent with state-wide goals pursuant to subsection (c) of section 10-4. Each local or regional board of education shall develop student objectives which relate directly to the statement of educational goals prepared pursuant to this subsection and which identify specific expectations for students in terms of skills, knowledge and competence.
- (c) Annually, each local and regional board of education shall submit to the Commissioner of Education a strategic school profile report for each school under its jurisdiction and for the school district

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(d) Prior to January 1, 2004, and annually thereafter, qualified personnel or qualified contractors of a local or regional board of education shall conduct, utilizing the Environmental Protection Agency's Indoor Air Quality Tools for Schools publications as guidance, a uniform inspection and evaluation program of the indoor environmental quality of its schools. The inspection and evaluation program shall include, but not be limited to, a review, inspection or evaluation of the following: (1) The HVAC systems; (2) radon levels in the water and the air; (3) potential for exposure to bioaerosols; (4) chemical compounds of concern to indoor air quality including, but not limited to, volatile organic compounds; (5) the degree of pest

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- 121 infestation, including, but not limited to, insect and rodents; (6) the 122 degree of pesticide usage; (7) the presence of and the plans for removal 123 of any hazardous substances that are contained on the list prepared 124 pursuant to Section 302 of the federal Emergency Planning and 125 Community Right-to-Know Act, 42 USC 9601 et seq.; (8) ventilation 126 systems; (9) plumbing, including water distribution systems, drainage 127 systems and fixtures; (10) building structural elements, including, but 128 not limited to, roofing, basements or slabs; and (11) the use of space, 129 particularly areas that were designed to be unoccupied. Any 130
- communication between the state Department of Education and a superintendent of a local or regional board of education regarding
- 132 compliance with the law shall include the requirements of this
- 133 <u>subsection.</u>
- Sec. 3. Subdivision (18) of section 10-282 of the general statutes is
- repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective July
- 136 1, 2002):
- 137 (18) "Renovation" means a school building project to totally refurbish an existing building which results in the renovated facility 138 139 taking on a useful life comparable to that of a new facility and which 140 will cost less than building a new facility as determined by the 141 department, provided the school district may submit a feasibility study 142 and cost analysis of the project prepared by an independent licensed 143 architect to the department prior to final plan approval. 144 Notwithstanding this subdivision, for the purpose of a school building 145 project to improve the indoor environmental quality of a facility, as
- specified in subparagraph (D) of subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of
- section 10-283, as amended by this act, "renovation" means a school
- 148 <u>building project that exceeds the day-to-day maintenance of such</u>
- 149 <u>facility</u>, the total project costs of which exceed fifty thousand dollars.
- 150 Sec. 4. Subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of section 10-283 of the
- 151 general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu
- thereof (*Effective July 1, 2002*):

(2) Each school building project shall be assigned to a category on the basis of whether such project is primarily required to: (A) Create new facilities or alter existing facilities to provide for mandatory instructional programs pursuant to this chapter, for physical education facilities in compliance with Title IX of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1972 where such programs or such compliance cannot be provided within existing facilities or for the correction of code violations which cannot be reasonably addressed within existing program space; (B) create new facilities or alter existing facilities to enhance mandatory instructional programs pursuant to this chapter or provide comparable facilities among schools to all students at the same grade level or levels within the school district unless such project is otherwise explicitly included in another category pursuant to this section; [and] (C) create new facilities or alter existing facilities to provide supportive services, provided in no event shall such supportive services include swimming pools, auditoriums, outdoor athletic facilities, tennis courts, elementary school playgrounds, site improvement or garages or storage, parking or general recreation areas; and (D) address a documented indoor air quality problem in a facility such as, but not limited to, the upgrading of a HVAC system to meet the American Society of Heating, Ventilating and Air Conditioning Engineers ("ASHRAE") Standard 62, Ventilation for Acceptable Indoor Air Quality, as incorporated by the State Building Code adopted under section 29-252; the resolution of a documented moisture incursion, whether such incursion originates from a roof, a window, a wall or a floor; or the remediation of sources of bioaerosols or the reduction of radon in the air or water in a facility. All applications submitted prior to the first day of July in any year shall be reviewed promptly by the commissioner and the amount of the grant for which such project is eligible shall be estimated. The commissioner shall annually prepare a listing of all such eligible school building projects listed by category together with the amount of the estimated grants therefor and shall submit the same to the Governor and the General Assembly on or before the fifteenth day of December, except as provided in section 10-283a, with a request for authorization to

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188 enter into grant commitments. Each such listing submitted after 189 December 1995 shall include a separate schedule of authorized projects 190 which have changed in scope or cost to a degree determined by the 191 commissioner. The percentage determined pursuant to section 10-285a 192 at the time a school building project on such schedule was originally 193 authorized shall be used for purposes of the grant for such project. The 194 General Assembly shall annually authorize the commissioner to enter 195 into grant commitments on behalf of the state in accordance with the 196 commissioner's categorized listing for such projects as the General 197 Assembly shall determine. The commissioner may not enter into any 198 such grant commitments except pursuant to such legislative 199 authorization. Any regional school district which assumes the 200 responsibility for completion of a public school building project shall 201 be eligible for a grant pursuant to subdivision (5) or (6), as the case 202 may be, of subsection (a) of section 10-286, when such project is 203 completed and accepted by such regional school district.

Sec. 5. Section 10-291 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2002*):

(a) No school building project for which state assistance is sought shall be undertaken except according to a plan and on a site approved by the state Department of Education, the town or regional board of education and by the building committee of such town or district. [No such school building project shall be undertaken at an expense exceeding the sum which the town or regional district may appropriate for the project. In the case of a school building project financed in whole or in part by an energy conservation lease purchase agreement, the expense of the project shall not exceed the sum which the town or regional school district approved for the project.] Prior to approving a school building project, the state Department of Education, the town or regional board of education and the building committee of such town or district shall require (1) in the case of a school building project which is a construction, extension or replacement of a building to be used for public school purposes, a Phase I environmental site assessment in accordance with the

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- 222 American Society for Testing and Materials Standard E1527, Standard 223 Practice for Environmental Site Assessments: Phase I Environmental 224 Site Assessment Process, or similar subsequent standards, (2) a report of how the school building project will affect indoor environmental 225 226 health in the facility, and (3) a demonstration that the project 227 incorporates any Environmental Protection Agency guidelines for new school construction. A copy of final plans and specifications for each 228 229 phase of site development and construction of all school building 230 projects and for each phase thereof including site development shall be 231 filed with the Commissioner of Education subject to the provisions of 232 section 10-292 before the start of such phase of development or 233 construction shall be begun. A town or regional school district may 234 commence a phase of development or construction before completion 235 of final plans and specifications for the whole project provided a copy 236 of the latest preliminary plan and cost estimate for such project which 237 has been approved by the town or regional board of education and by 238 the building committee shall be submitted with the final plans and 239 specifications for such phase. Any board of education which, prior to 240 the approval of a grant commitment by the General Assembly, 241 commences any portion of a school construction project or causes any 242 such project to be let out for bid, shall not be eligible for a school 243 construction grant until a grant commitment is so approved.
- 244 (b) The state Department of Education, the town or regional board 245 of education and the building committee of such town or district may 246 not approve a school building project plan or site, as applicable, if:
  - (1) The expense exceeds the sum which the town or regional district may appropriate for the project, provided in the case of a school building project financed in whole or in part by an energy conservation lease purchase agreement, the expense of the project does not exceed the sum which the town or regional school district approved for the project.
- 253 (2) In the case of a school building project that is a construction, 254 extension or replacement of a building to be used for public school

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- purposes, the Phase I environmental site assessment indicates that the site does not meet the criteria for residential properties in the regulations adopted pursuant to section 22a-133k.
- 258 (3) The site is in an area of moderate or high radon potential, as indicated in the Department of Environmental Protection's Radon Potential Map, or similar subsequent publications, except where the school building project plan incorporates construction techniques to mitigate radon levels in the air of the facility.
- 263 (4) The plans incorporate flat-roof construction that does not have 264 adequate pitch towards drains in order to prevent the pooling of 265 water.
- 266 (5) In the case of a renovation of a building to be used for public school purposes, the plans do not incorporate the standards provided in the Sheet Metal and Air Conditioning Contractors National Association's publication entitled "Indoor Air Quality Guidelines for Occupied Buildings Under Construction" or similar subsequent publications.
  - (6) In the case of a renovation of a building to be used for public school purposes in order to remediate sources of bioaerosols, the plans do not incorporate appropriate safeguards for the occupants of the facility and the workers performing the renovation, as outlined in the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists' publication entitled "Bioaerosols: Assessment and Control" or similar subsequent publications.

This act shall take effect as follows:	
Section 1	July 1, 2002
Sec. 2	July 1, 2002
Sec. 3	July 1, 2002
Sec. 4	July 1, 2002
Sec. 5	July 1, 2002

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**ENV** Joint Favorable Subst.

FIN Joint Favorable

PD Joint Favorable